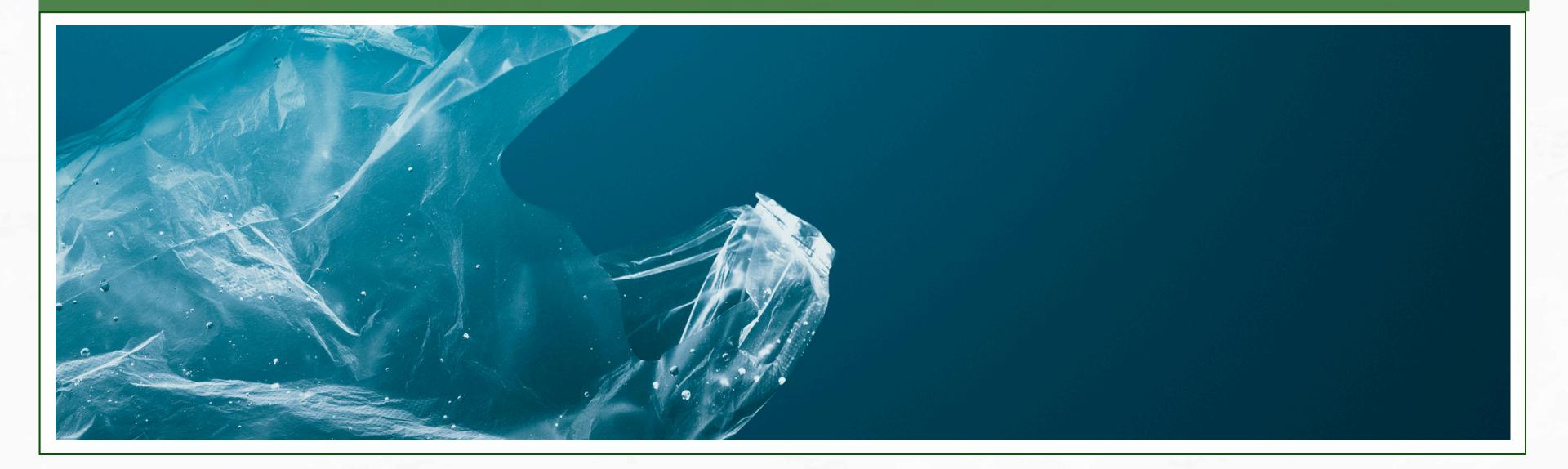
## **Clean Water Projects**

## CREDIT VALUATION SCHEMA CARBONTRIBE 2025





PRESERVING NATURE TO EARN

# **Carbontribe's Pricing Approach**

### Valuing waste reduction projects

By monetizing the reduction of waste and consumption, sustainable practices are incentivized.

### Increasing accountability and transparency

Our credits offer traceable, results-based evidence that strengthens the monitoring and evaluation of our partners' impact.

### **Providing an** alternative financing mechanism

Our credits prioritize creating a new revenue stream to support initiatives, focusing on economic viability and accessibility rather than traditional additionality criteria.

### Empowering marginalized groups

Our credits actively engage and fairly compensate all stakeholders, ensuring that crediting supports both environmental progress and social equity.

# **Carbontribe's Pricing Advantages**



**Simplified Certification Process** 

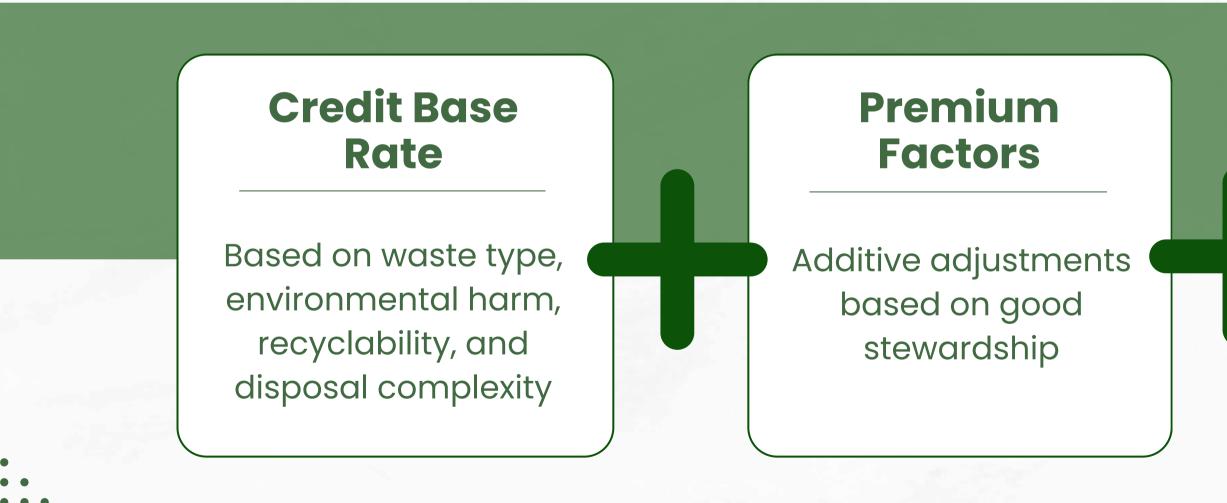
**Aligned Incentives for Long-Term Success** 





# **Credit Structure**

Our pricing schema determines the financial compensation participants receive for their projects based on the removal and sustainable disposal of **10 kg of dry waste** from aquatic environments. Prices are set as follows:





Adjust prices based on project location and local economic factors



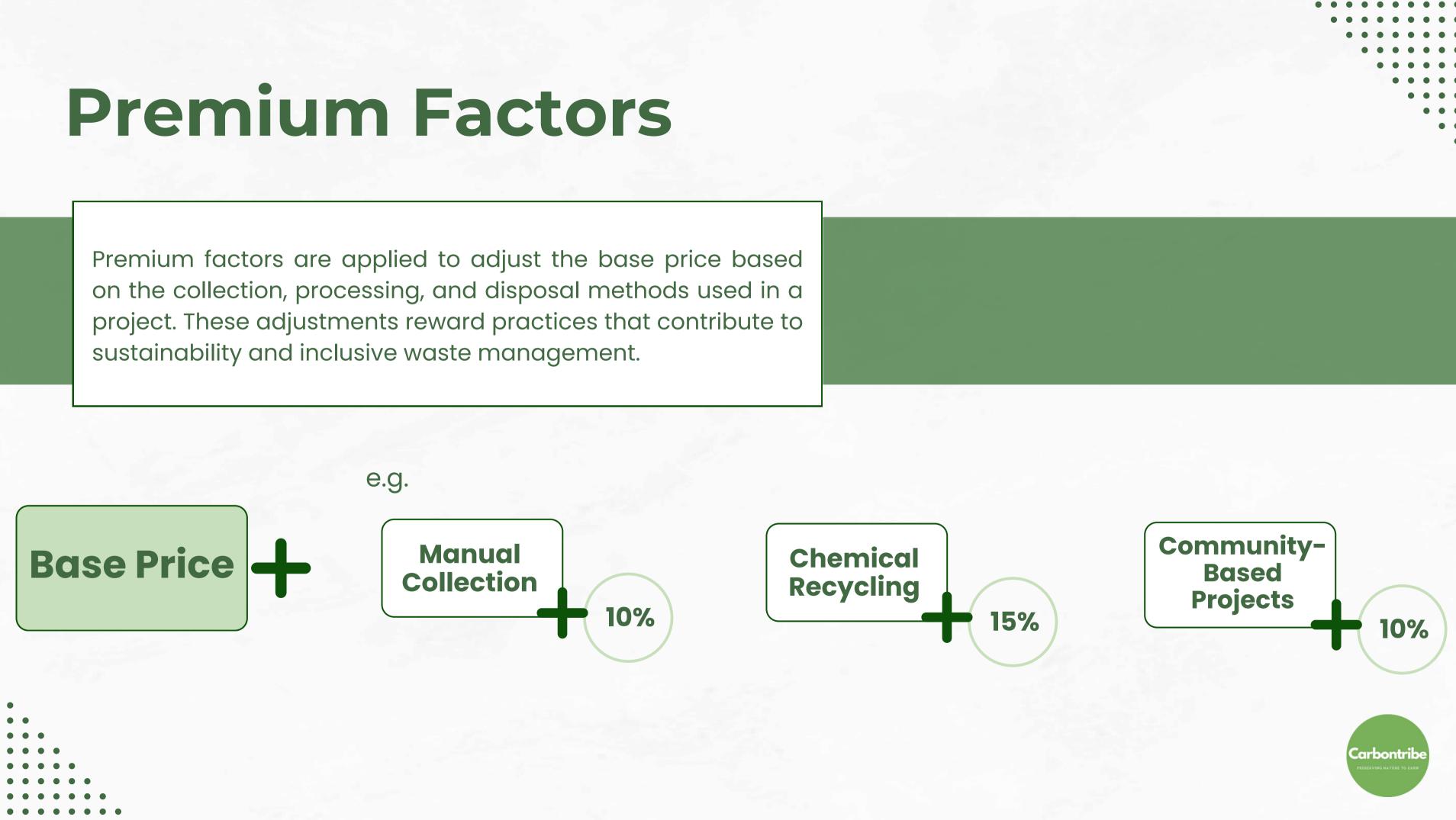
## **Credit Base Rate**

Waste Type	Risk Level*	Recyclability**	Base Price*** (USD/credit)
Plastics	High	Medium	\$5.0
Metals	Medium	High	\$3.5
Glass	Low	High	\$2.5

\*Risk levels are calculated by an internal evaluation based on IPCC's Environmental Impact Factor of each waste type. \*\*Recyclability is defined as the ease with which a material can be recycled in practice and at scale (Ellen Mac Arthur Foundation, 2025).

\*\*\*Prices account for collection, sorting, verification, and disposal cost.





## **Premium Factors -** Explained

Method	Price Adjustment	Notes	
Manual Collection	+10%	Labor-intensive process often carried out by local w sorting and minimizes environmental disruption.Mo	
ROV/Drone Assisted Collection	+15%	Remote-operated vehicles (ROVs) or drones assist in access to hard-to-reach areas. Requires technology	
Incineration with Energy Recovery	+5%	Waste is burned in specialized facilities that capture landfill waste. Less ideal than recycling but prevents	
Mechanical Recycling	+10%	Traditional method where plastics or metals are clea changing their chemical structure. Lower energy use	
Chemical Recycling	+15%	Uses chemical processes (e.g., pyrolysis) to break do higher-quality recycling. Energy-intensive but effect	
Approved Landfill (last resort)	-10%	Waste is disposed of in regulated landfills when othe method	
Community-Based Projects	+10%	Involves local communities in waste collection, prov ensuring long-term engagement.	

•

workers or community groups. Ensures detailed pre labor-intensive

in waste collection, improving efficiency and gy investment. Technology investment

e energy for electricity or heating, reducing s uncontrolled pollution.Sustainable energy gain

eaned, shredded, and remanufactured without se but material quality degrades over time.

down waste into base materials, allowing for ctive for mixed or contaminated plastics.

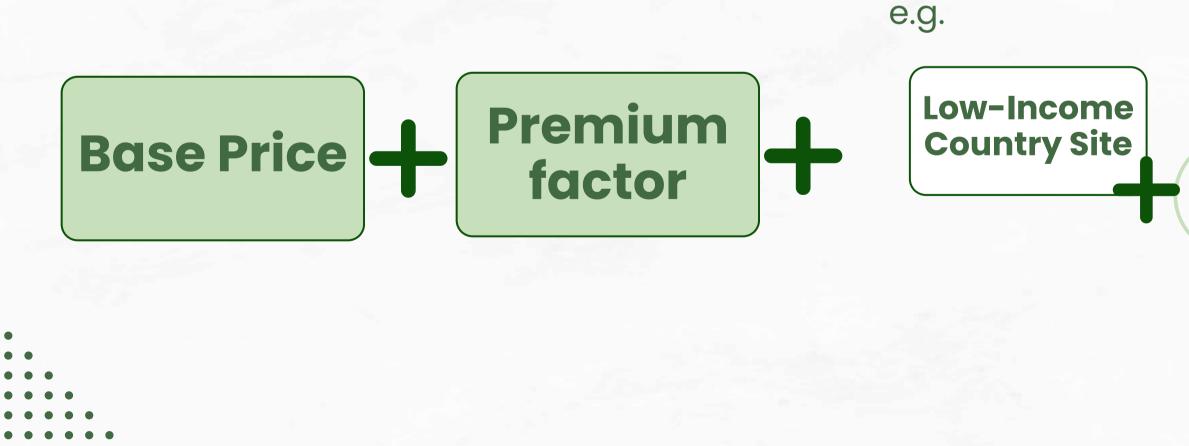
ner options are not feasible. Less preferred

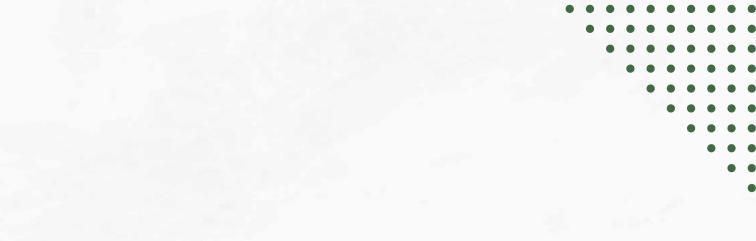
viding social and economic benefits while



# **Local Price Modifiers**

To ensure fair pricing and align with regional economic conditions, credit prices are adjusted based on project location and local cost factors. These modifiers account for differences in labor costs, economic development, and environmental urgency





## Carbontribe Credit Price





# Local Price Modifiers - Explained

To ensure fair pricing and align with regional economic conditions, credit prices are adjusted based on project location and local cost factors. These modifiers account for differences in labor costs, economic development, and environmental urgency

Method	Price Adjustment	Notes
Low-Income Country Site*	+10%	Supports waste collection in lower-income regination financial incentives are crucial for project susta
High Labor Cost Region**	+10%	Accounts for increased operational expenses in compensation for workers while maintaining pr
High Debris Accumulation Zones***	+5%	Recognizes areas with severe waste pollution, w prevent environmental damage.

\* Defined as countries classified as Low-Income or Lower-Middle Income by the World Bank or with a GDP per capita under \$4,500 USD.

\*\*Applies to regions where the average manual labor wage exceeds \$15 USD per hour. \*\*\* A growing number of marine pollution hotspots pose significant risks to ecosystem stability and human health due to persistent plastic accumulation and inadequate waste management (UNEP, 2021).

• Mediterranean Sea including southern Mediterranean, Levantine Basin, Adriatic and Ionian Seas, and near the Balearic Islands.

• Arctic Ocean including Barents Sea, Norwegian Sea, and Greenland Sea

• East Asia and ASEAN Seas including South China Sea, East China Sea, Sea of Japan, and Xisha Trough

jions where infrastructure is limited and ainability

in countries with high wages, ensuring fair project feasibility.

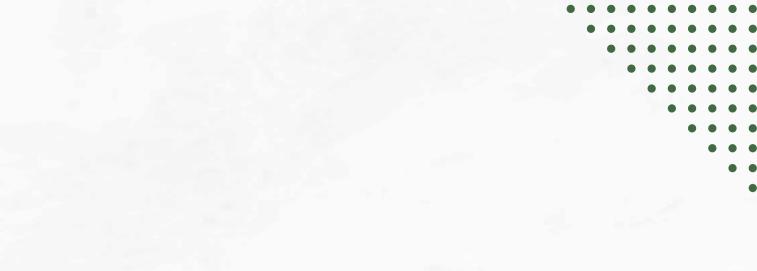
where urgent intervention is needed to



## **Beyond Pricing**

Our Clean Water Credits program goes beyond financial support, delivering meaningful social and environmental impacts. Each Clean Water Credit will be accompanied by a comprehensive Impact Report, detailing its environmental and community benefits. This ensures transparency, demonstrating how your contribution directly fosters ocean health and sustainable development.









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